

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 and National Model Code of Practice for the preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals

Version 1.1

Issue date: 09/10/2021 Revision date: 23/05/2023

1. Identification of the material and supplier

Material name: Sinopec MCL-O Grease

Other means of identification:

Recommended use: use for lubricating rolling and sliding bearings of mechanical equipment which works on

the temperatures -50 $^{\circ}$ C to 180 $^{\circ}$ C.

Restrictions on use:

Manufacturer:

Supplier(Manufacturer): SINOPEC LUBRICANT CO.,LTD

Address: No. 6 Anning Zhuang West Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P.R.China

Contact person(E-mail): csc.lube@sinopec.com

Telephone: 86-800-810-9886 Fax: 86-10-82410856 **Emergency number:** 86-800-810-9886

Australia Supplier(Manufacturer): International Lubricant Distributors Pty. Ltd.

Address: 21 Logistics Boulevard, Kenwick, WA 6107, Australia

Contact person(E-mail): Telephone:

+61 8 9381 1788 Fax: **Emergency number:** 1300 558 939

New Zealand Supplier(Manufacturer): MTS ENERGY LTD

Address: POBOX 302-133 North Harbour, Auckland 0751, New Zealand

Telephone: +64 9 480 8921 Fax: +64 9 480 8398

Emergency number: 0800 399 993 (24 Hrs)

2. Hazards identification

Australia:

Not classified as Hazardous according to criteria of National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC), Australia.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

New Zealand:

Diphenylamine is classified as 6.1C(oral) 6.1C(dermal) 6.1C(inhalation) 6.4A 6.9B (oral) 9.1A(crustacean) 9.1D(algal) 9.1D(fish) 9.3B according to the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001, New Zealand.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

GHS label elements:

Hazard Pictograms: : No hazard pictogram is used.

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Signal word: No signal word is used.

Hazard statement: Not applicable.

Precautionary statement:

Prevention: Not applicable. Response: Not applicable. Storage: Not applicable. Disposal: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in Not applicable.

classification:

3. Composition/information on ingredients				
Components	CAS No.	Percent		
Lithium Thickener	7620-77-1	11 - 16%		
Zinc Diakyl Dithio Phosphate	68649-42-3	3 - 10%		
Base oil	64742-54-7	74 - 86%		

4. First aid measures

Inhalation: No specific first aid measures are required. If exposed to excessive levels of material in

the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or

respiratory discomfort occurs.

Skin: No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if

contaminated. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard

contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.

Eye: No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove contact lenses, if

worn, and flush eyes with water.

No specific first aid measures are required. Do not induce vomiting. As a precaution, get Ingestion:

medical advice.

Symptoms caused by exposure: Not available.

Medical Attention and Special Treatment: Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO₂) to extinguish flames.

Extinguishing media which must not be

used for safety reasons:

Not available.

Specific hazards arising from the

Special protective equipment and

precautions for fire fighters:

chemical:

In case of heat, fire and strong oxidants can lead to burning. Fumes, smoke, carbon

monoxide, sulfur oxides, aldehydes, nitrogen oxides, phosphate, certain metal.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective Avoid build up of vapor. Ensure sufficient supply of air. Avoid contact with eyes or skin. equipment and emergency procedures: Contact with water - danger of sliding. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment

and clothing to prevent exposure. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected

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Environmental precautions:

personnel. Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spilled material.

If leakage occurs, dam up. Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration. Prevent from entering drainage system. If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapors. Do NOT cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Electrostatic discharge may be generated during pumping - this may result in fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Storage regulation

Do not store in open or unlabeled containers. Store in a cool, dry place with adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames and high temperatures.

Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioned or disposed of properly.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters - exposure

Not available

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standards, biological monitoring:

Exposure Levels

Occupational exposure limits:

Australia. National Workplace OELs (Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants, Appendix A)				
Components	Components	Components		
Not available.	Not available.	Not available.		
Australia. OELs. (Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment)				
Components	Components	Components		
Not available.	Not available.	Not available.		

No exposure standards have been established for this material, however, the TWA National occupational Health And Safety Commission (NOHSC) exposure standards for stearates is 10 mg/m3.

TWA (Time Weighted Average): The average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eight-hour working day, for a five-day week.

Appropriate engineering controls:

Provide sufficient ventilation to keep airborne levels as low as possible. Where vapours or mists are generated, particularly in enclosed areas, and natural ventilation is inadequate, a local exhaust ventilation system is required.

Personal protective equipment:

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Eye/face protection: No special eye protection is normally required. Where splashing is possible, wear safety

glasses with side shields as a good safety practice.

Skin protection: No special protective clothing is normally required. Where splashing is possible, select

protective clothing depending on operations conducted physical requirements and other

substances in the workplace.

Respiratory protection: No respiratory protection is normally required. No respiratory protection is ordinarily

required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If user operations generate an oil mist, determine if airborne concentrations are below the occupational exposure limit for mineral oil mist. If not, wear an approved respirator that provides adequate protection from the measured concentrations of this material. For air-purifying respirators use a particulate cartridge. Use a positive pressure air-supplying respirator in circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection: Suggested materials for protective gloves include: Neoprene, Nitrile Rubber.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance:

Physical state: Red smooth buttery

Form: Grease Color: Red

Odor:

Odour threshold:

Not available

PH:

Not available

Melting point/Freezing point:

Not available

Not available

Not available

Not available

Flash point: 263 °C (open cup) (typ)

Evaporation rate:

Flammability (solid, gas):

Upper/lower flammability or explosive

Not available

Not available

limits:

Vapor pressure:<0.5MPa(20°C)</th>Vapor density:Not available

Density: 0.85 kg/l - 1.0 kg/l(20°C)

Solubility (H₂O): Insoluble in water

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not available Not available **Auto-ignition temperature: Decomposition temperature:** Not available Not available Viscosity, dynamic: Specific heat value: Not available Particle size: Not available Volatile organic compounds content: Not available Not available % volatile: Saturated vapour concentration: Not available Not available Release of invisible flammable vapours

and gases:

SINOPEC

Additional parameters

Shape and aspect ratio:

Crystallinity:

Not available

Dustiness:

Not available

Not available

Not available

Not available

Not available

Ionisation (redox potential):

Not available

Not available

Not available

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Contact with strong oxidants.

Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials: Strong acids or strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, etc.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds.

11. Toxicological information

Toxicological data:

Acute toxicity:

LD50(Oral, Rat): > 5000 mg/kg bw LD50(Dermal, Rat): > 2000 mg/kg bw LC50(Inhalation, Rat): No data available Skin corrosion/Irritation: No data available. Serious eye damage/irritation: No data available. Respiratory or skin sensitization: No data available. Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available. Carcinogenicity: No data available. Reproductive toxicity: No data available. STOT- single exposure: No data available. STOT-repeated exposure: No data available. Aspiration hazard: No data available.

Other information This product has no known adverse effect on human health.

Information on routes of exposure

No data available.

effects from exposure

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Highly refined mineral oil (CAS: 64742-44-5):

Acute t	oxicity	Time	Species	Method	Evaluation	Remarks
LL50	> 100 mg/L	96h	Fish	OECD 203	N/A	N/A



LL50	> 10000 mg/L	48h	Daphnia	OECD 202	N/A	N/A
EC50	N/A	72h	Algae	OECD 201	N/A	N/A

Persistence and degradability: This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential: Not available.

Mobility in soil: Not available.

Other adverse effects: No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone

creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this

component.

13. Disposal considerations

Safe handling and disposal methods:

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site.

Disposal of any contaminated packaging:

Australia:

The disposal of the spilled or waste material must be done in accordance with applicable local and national regulations.

New Zealand:

Product Disposal

Product wastes are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations. This product can be disposed through a licensed commercial waste collection service. In this specific case the product is a combustible substance and therefore can be sent to an approved high temperature incineration plant for disposal. Personal protective clothing and equipment as specified in Section 8 of this SDS must be worn during handling and disposal of this product. The ventilation requirements as specified in the same section must be followed, and the precautions given in Section 7 of this SDS regarding handling must also be followed. Do not dispose into the sewerage system. Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or dispose where ground or surface waters may be affected. In New Zealand, the disposal agency or contractor must comply with the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001. Further details regarding disposal can be obtained on the EPA New Zealand website under specific group standards.

Container Disposal

The container or packaging must be cleaned and rendered incapable of holding any substance. It can then be disposed of in a manner consistent with that of the substance it contained. In this instance the packaging can be disposed through a commercial waste collection service. Alternatively, the container or packaging can be recycled if the hazardous residues have been thoroughly cleaned or rendered non-hazardous. In New Zealand, the packaging (that may or may not hold any residual substance) that is lawfully disposed of by householders or other consumers through a public or commercial waste collection service is a means of compliance with regulations.

14. Transport information

Australia:

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.



Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

New Zealand:

Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport according to the NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea. Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

U.N. Number

None Allocated

Proper Shipping Name

None Allocated

DG Class

None Allocated

Packing Group

None Allocated

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Australia:

Not classified as Hazardous according to criteria of National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC), Australia.

Not classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Not classified as Hazardous according to the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001.

Australia HVIC: Listed substance

Not available.

New Zealand Location Test Certificate

Subject to Regulation 55 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations a location test certificate is required when quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below are present.

Hazard Class	Quantity beyond which controls apply for closed	Quantity beyond which controls
	containers	apply when use occurring in open
		containers
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

New Zealand Approved Handler

Subject to Regulation 56 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations, the substance must be under the personal control of an Approved Handler when present in a quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Inventory status:

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
	Yes
Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No

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Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances Yes

(ENCS)

Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Yes

New Zealand Inventory Yes

Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Yes

Substances (PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Indication of changes: Version 1.1

Date of preparation or review: 2022.05.23

Key abbreviations or acronyms CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service **used:** LC50: Lethal Concentration 50

EC50: Concentration for 50% of maximal effect

LD50: Lethal dose 50%

MAC: maximum allowable concentration, MAC)

PC-TWA: permissible concentration-time weighted average PC-STEL: permissible concentration-short term exposure limit

reference Australia:

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Approved criteria for classifying hazardous substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets [NOHSC:

2011(2003)].

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted

carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants, Safe work Australia.

American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

New Zealand:

Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices

Transport of Dangerous goods on land NZS 5433.

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets - Approved Code of Practice Under the HSNO Act 1996 (HSNO

CoP 8-1 0906).

Assigning a hazardous substance to a group standard. American Conference of IndustriaLHygienists (ACGIH)

^{*}A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)