

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 and National Model Code of Practice for the

preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals

Version 1.0

Issue date: 23/10/2019 Revision date: 23/10/2019

SDS Record Number: CSSS-TCO-010-117689

1. Identification of the material and supplier Material name: MTF 75W/90 Fully Synthetic Transmission Gear Oil Product Code 60181986 Other means of identification: Recommended use: Suitable for lubrication of manual transmission of various kinds of vehicles **Restrictions on use:** Manufacturer: Supplier(Manufacturer): SINOPEC LUBRICANT CO., LTD Address: No. 6 Anning Zhuang West Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P.R.China Contact person(E-mail): csc.lube@sinopec.com **Telephone:** 86-800-810-9886 Fax: 86-10-82410856 **Emergency number:** 86-800-810-9886 Australia Supplier(Manufacturer): International Lubricant Distributors Pty. Ltd. Address: Level 3, 43 Kishorn Road, Applecross, 6153 Australia Contact person(E-mail): **Telephone:** +61 8 9381 1788 Fax: **Emergency number:** 1300 558 939 New Zealand Supplier(Manufacturer): Waitomo Lubricants Limited (GST 104255744) Address: 15 Ellis Street, Frankton, Hamilton, PO Box 5125, Hamilton 3242 **Telephone:** +64 7 847 0829 Fax: +64 7 846 0032 **Emergency number:** +64 7 847 0829 (24 Hrs) New Zealand Supplier(Manufacturer): MTS ENERGY LTD Address: 44 Northcote Road, North Shore, Auckland 0627, New Zealand **Telephone:** +64 9 480 8921 Fax: +64 9 480 8398 **Emergency number:** 0800 399 993 (24 Hrs) New Zealand Supplier(Manufacturer): Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia) NZBN: 9429041465226 Address: 166 Totara Street, Mt Maunganui South, New Zealand Contact person(E-mail): **Telephone:** +64 9 368 2700 Fax: +64 9 368 2710



Emergency number:

0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

2. Hazards identification

Australia:

Not classified as Hazardous according to criteria of National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC), Australia.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition) **New Zealand:**

Not classified as Hazardous according to the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001, New Zealand. Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

GHS label elements:

Hazard Pictograms: :	No hazard pictogram is used.
Signal word:	No signal word is used.
Hazard statement:	Not applicable.
Precautionary statement:	
Prevention:	Not applicable.
Response:	Not applicable.
Storage:	Not applicable.
Disposal:	Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not result in classification:	Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on i	ngredients	
Components	CAS No.	Percent
Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Mixture	60 - 100 %weight
Zinc alkyl dithiophosphate	Confidential.	0.75 to 1.5 %weight

4. First aid measures	
Inhalation:	No specific first aid measures are required. If exposed to excessive levels of material in
	the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or
	respiratory discomfort occurs.
Skin:	No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if
	contaminated. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard
	contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.
Eye:	No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove contact lenses, if
	worn, and flush eyes with water.
Ingestion:	No specific first aid measures are required. Do not induce vomiting. As a precaution, get
	medical advice.
Symptoms caused by exposure:	Not available.
Medical Attention and Special Treatment:	Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media:Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.Extinguishing media which must not beNot available.



precautions for fire fighters:

used for safety reasons: Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Special protective equipment and

Highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion.

This material will burn although it is not easily ignited. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. Accidental release measures	
Personal precautions, protective	Avoid build up of vapor. Ensure sufficient supply of air. Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
equipment and emergency procedures:	Contact with water - danger of sliding. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment
	and clothing to prevent exposure. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected
	personnel. Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spilled material.
Environmental precautions:	If leakage occurs, dam up. Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground
	penetration. Prevent from entering drainage system. If accidental entry into drainage
	system occurs, inform responsible authorities.
Methods and materials for containmen	t Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent
and cleaning up:	further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up spill as soon as
	possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use
	appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping.
	Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Place contaminated materials
	in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.

7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling:	Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapors. Do NOT
	cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Electrostatic
	discharge may be generated during pumping - this may result in fire. Ensure electrical
	continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.
Conditions for safe storage, including any	Do not store in open or unlabeled containers. Store in a cool, dry place with adequate
incompatibilities:	ventilation. Keep away from open flames and high temperatures.
Storage regulation	Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it
	may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid,
	and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill,
	grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources
	of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be
	completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioned or
	disposed of properly.

8. Exposure controls/personal	protection			
Control parameters – exposure	Not available			
standards, biological monitoring:				
Exposure Levels				
Occupational exposure limits:				
Australia. National Workplace OELs (Norkplace Exposure Star	dards for Airborne Conta	minants, Appendix A)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form	

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s in the Occupational Environment)
F arm
Form
Not available.
i
ce when calculated over a normal eight-hour
e levels as low as possible. Where vapours or
areas, and natural ventilation is inadequate, a
ed. Where splashing is possible, wear safety
actice.
equired. Where splashing is possible, select
conducted physical requirements and other
ired. No respiratory protection is ordinarily
In accordance with good industrial hygiene
void breathing of materialIf user operations
concentrations are below the occupational
wear an approved respirator that provides
ncentrations of this material. For air-purifying
a positive pressure air-supplying respirator in
may not provide adequate protection.
lude: Neoprene, Nitrile Rubber.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemica	l properties
Appearance:	
Physical state:	Liquid
Form:	Liquid
Color:	Brown
Odor:	Petroleum odor
Odour threshold:	Not available
PH:	Not available
Melting point/Freezing point:	Not available
Boiling point and boiling range:	Not available
Flash point:	(Cleveland Open Cup) 180 °C (365 °F) Minimum
Evaporation rate:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas) :	Not available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	Not available
limits:	
Vapor pressure:	<0.01 mmHg Maximum @ 37.8 °C (100 °F)
Vapor density:	>1 Minimum(Air = 1)
Density:	0.82 kg/l -0.88 kg/l @ 20°C (68°F)
Solubility :	Soluble in hydrocarbon solvents; insoluble in water.

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Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) :	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available
Decomposition temperature:	Not available
Viscosity, dynamic:	13.5 mm²/s – 18.5 mm²/s @ 100°C (212°F) Minimum
Specific heat value:	Not available
Particle size:	Not available
Volatile organic compounds content:	Not available
% volatile:	Not available
Saturated vapour concentration:	Not available
Release of invisible flammable vapours	Not available
and gases:	
Additional parameters	
Shape and aspect ratio:	Not available
Crystallinity:	Not available
Dustiness:	Not available
Surface area:	Not available
Degree of aggregation or agglomeration:	Not available
Ionisation (redox potential):	Not available
Biodurability or biopersistence:	Not available

10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity:	Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.
Chemical stability:	Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Contact with strong oxidants.
Conditions to avoid:	Incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials:	Strong acids or strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, etc.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds.

11. Toxicological information

Toxicological data:	
Acute toxicity:	
LD50(Oral, Rat):	Not available
LD50(Dermal, Rabbit):	Not available
LC50(Inhalation, Rat):	Not available
Skin corrosion/Irritation:	No data available.
Serious eye damage/irritation:	No data available.
Respiratory or skin sensitization:	No data available.
Germ cell mutagenicity:	No data available.
Carcinogenicity:	No data available.
Reproductive toxicity:	No data available.
STOT- single exposure:	No data available.
STOT-repeated exposure:	No data available.
Aspiration hazard:	No data available.
Other information	This product has no known adverse effect on human health.
Information on routes of exposure	No data available.
Symptoms related to exposure	No data available.



Numerical measures of toxicityNo data available.Immediate, delayed and chronic healthNo data available.effects from exposureNo data available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

	Acute toxicity		Time	Species	Method	Evaluation	Remarks
	LC50	N/A	96h	Fish	OECD 203	N/A	N/A
	EC50	N/A	48h	Daphnia	OECD 202	N/A	N/A
	EC50	N/A	72h	Algae	OECD 201	N/A	N/A
Persistence ar	nd degrad	dability:	lity: This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable.				
Bioaccumulati	ve poten	tial:	Not available.				
Mobility in soi	l:		Not available.				
Other adverse	effects:		No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical				
creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) component.			otential) are ex				
			componer	nt.			

13. Disposal considerations				
Safe handling and disposal methods: Disposal of any contaminated packaging:	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Australia:			
	The disposal of the spilled or waste material must be done in accordance with applicable local and national regulations.			
	New Zealand:			
	Product Disposal			
	Product wastes are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all			
	applicable local and national regulations. This product can be disposed through a licensed commercial waste collection service. In this specific case the product is a combustible substance and therefore can be sent to an approved high temperature incineration plant			
	for disposal. Personal protective clothing and equipment as specified in Section 8 of this SDS must be worn during handling and disposal of this product. The ventilation requirements as specified in the same section must be followed, and the precautions given			
	in Section 7 of this SDS regarding handling must also be followed. Do not dispose into the sewerage system. Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or dispose where ground			
	or surface waters may be affected. In New Zealand, the disposal agency or contractor			
	must comply with the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001.			
	Further details regarding disposal can be obtained on the EPA New Zealand website under specific group standards.			
	Container Disposal			
	The container or packaging must be cleaned and rendered incapable of holding any			
	substance. It can then be disposed of in a manner consistent with that of the substance it			
	contained. In this instance the packaging can be disposed through a commercial waste collection service. Alternatively, the container or packaging can be recycled if the hazardous residues have been thoroughly cleaned or rendered non-hazardous. In New			
	Zealand, the packaging (that may or may not hold any residual substance) that is lawfully disposed of by householders or other consumers through a public or commercial waste			



collection service is a means of compliance with regulations.

14. Transport information

Australia:

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea. **New Zealand:**

Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport according to the NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea. Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

U.N. Number

None Allocated

Proper Shipping Name

None Allocated

DG Class

None Allocated

Packing Group

None Allocated

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Australia:

Not classified as Hazardous according to criteria of National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC), Australia.

Not classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

New Zealand:

Not classified as Hazardous according to the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001.

Australia HVIC: Listed substance

Not available.

New Zealand Location Test Certificate

Subject to Regulation 55 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations a location test certificate is required when quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below are present.

Hazard Class	Quantity beyond which controls apply	Quantity beyond which controls apply
	for closed containers	when use occurring in open containers
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

New Zealand Approved Handler

Subject to Regulation 56 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations, the substance must be under the personal control of an Approved Handler when present in a quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below.

Class of substance	Quantities	
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
Inventory status:		
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*

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Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Not available.
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Not available.
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Not available.
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Not available.
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Not available.
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	Not available.
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Not available.
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Not available.
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Not available.
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Not available.
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Not available.

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information Indication of changes: Version 1.0 Date of preparation or review: 2019.10.23 Key abbreviations or acronyms CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 used: EC50: Concentration for 50% of maximal effect LD50: Lethal dose 50% MAC: maximum allowable concentration, MAC) PC-TWA: permissible concentration-time weighted average PC-STEL: permissible concentration-short term exposure limit reference Australia: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons. Approved criteria for classifying hazardous substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)]. National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets [NOHSC: 2011(2003)]. Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail. Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals. Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants, Safe work Australia. American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) New Zealand: Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices Transport of Dangerous goods on land NZS 5433. Preparation of Safety Data Sheets - Approved Code of Practice Under the HSNO Act 1996 (HSNO CoP 8-1 0906). Assigning a hazardous substance to a group standard. American Conference of IndustriaLHygienists (ACGIH)